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ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO.

APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR 09/858,387 05/15/2001 Donald C.D. Chang PD-201006A 3432 20991 7590 11/02/2005 **EXAMINER** THE DIRECTV GROUP INC TORRES, MARCOS L PATENT DOCKET ADMINISTRATION RE/R11/A109 ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER P O BOX 956 EL SEGUNDO, CA 90245-0956 2687

DATE MAILED: 11/02/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)	
		09/858,3	87	CHANG ET AL.		
		Examine	r	Art Unit		
		Marcos L	Torres	2687		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication reply	on appears on the	e cover sheet wi	th the correspondence add	ress	
WHI(- Exte after - If NC - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR INCHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING INSTANT IN THE MAILING IN THE MAY BE AVAILABLE OF THE MAILING IN THE MAILIN	NG DATE OF TH CFR 1.136(a). In no ev tion. period will apply and w y statute, cause the app	HIS COMMUNIC ent, however, may a re rill expire SIX (6) MON elication to become AB	CATION. eply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this con ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status						
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	n 02 August 2005	5.			
2a) <u></u>						
3)						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4)🛛	Claim(s) <u>1 and 3-22</u> is/are pending in the application.					
,—	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
•	Claim(s) 1 and 3-22 is/are rejected.					
7)						
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election r	equirement.			
Applicat	ion Papers					
· · _	The specification is objected to by the Ex	aminer				
) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
10/	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the				D 1 101/4\	
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by t					
				- Office Action of form 1 Te	J-132.	
<u> </u>	under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
	12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a)	a) All b) Some * c) None of:					
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
	application from the International E	•			•	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
	•			•		
Attachmen	t(s)					
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)			ummary (PTO-413)		
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/)/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-1	152)	
	r No(s)/Mail Date <u>10705</u> .	00/00/	6) Other:		·,	

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on August 2, 2005 has been entered.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1 and 3-22 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

- 5. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 6. Claims 1, 5-6, 8 and 11-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gross (U.S. Patent US006507739B1) in view of Ward (U.S. Patent US006167286A) and further in view of Denney (U.S. Patent US005995062A).

As to claims 1 and 5-6, Gross discloses a base station generating a plurality of communication beams (see fig. 2, items 202, 208, 213; col. 4, lines 3-9); and an access (gateway) station connected to said BTS, by a plurality of beams commands that communicate a plurality of control signals to the BTS to form the communication beams (see col. 5, lines 26-56; col. 4, lines 49-54; col. 8, lines 20-25) and simultaneously generating a plurality of dynamic communication beams (see col. 8, lines 37-42). Gross do not specifically disclose the BTS with a plurality of adaptive main array antenna elements or wherein the adaptive antenna comprises a plurality of panels. In an analogous art, Ward disclosed the BTS with a plurality of adaptive main array antenna elements (see col. 6, lines 55-56; col. 10, line 66 – col. 11, line 27), thereby reducing interference. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art

at the time of the invention to add this teaching to the Gross apparatus for the simple purpose of improving signal quality. Ward does not specifically disclose a communication system wherein the adaptive antenna comprises a plurality of panels. Denney discloses a communication system wherein the adaptive antenna comprises a plurality of panels (see col. 6, lines 39-45), thereby reducing fading. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine Denney and Ward teachings in the Gross apparatus for the simple reason of enhanced communication quality.

As to claim 8, Gross discloses a communication system with phased array antennas (see col. 4, lines 49-52).

As to claim 11, Gross discloses a communication system with a controller to control the antennas (see col. 4, lines 49-54).

As to claim 12, Gross discloses a communication system with user terminals receiving plurality of communication beams (see fig. 2, item 212,213).

7. Claims 20 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gross in view of Ward and further in view of Keskitalo (U.S. Patent US005345448A).

As to claim 20, Gross discloses a base station generating a plurality of communication beams (see fig. 2, items 202, 208, 213; col. 4, lines 3-9); and an access (gateway) station connected to said BTS, by a plurality of dynamic link, forming beams commands that communicate a plurality of control signal to the BTS to form the communication beams (see col. 5, lines 26-56; col. 4, lines 49-54; col. 8, lines 20-25)

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the communication beams (see col. 5, lines 26-56; col. 4, lines 49-54; col. 8, lines 20-25) and simultaneously generating a plurality of dynamic communication beams (see col. 8, lines 37-42).. Gross do not specifically disclose the BTS with a plurality of main array antenna elements or receiving a first link from a first BTS of the plurality of BTS and a second link from a second BTS. Ward disclosed the BTS with a plurality of adaptive main array antenna elements forming a plurality of beams per panel (see col. 6, lines 55-56; col. 10, line 66 – col. 11, line 27), thereby reducing interference. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to add this teaching to the Gross apparatus for the simple purpose of improving signal quality. Ward does not specifically disclose a user receiving a first link from a first BTS of the plurality of BTS and a second link from a second BTS. Keskitalo discloses a user receiving a first link from a first BTS of the plurality of BTS and a second link from a second BTS (see col. 4, lines 20-29), thereby enhancing reception and allowing to handover or process both link in case interference. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine Keskitalo and Ward teachings in the Gross apparatus for the simple reason of enhance the quality of communication using multiple links.

Regarding claim 21 is the corresponding method claims of system claims 20.

Therefore, claim 21 is rejected for the same reason shown above.

8. Claims 3-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gross (U.S. Patent US006507739B1) in view of Ward (U.S. Patent US006167286A)

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and further in view of Denney (U.S. Patent US005995062A) as applied to claims 1, 5-6, 8 and 11-12 above, and further in view of Gutleber (U.S. Patent 4,500,883).

As to claim 3, Ward disclosed the BTS with a plurality of array antenna elements (see col. 10, line 66 – col. 11, line 27). Gross and Ward do not specifically disclose a communication system wherein the base station comprises a plurality of auxiliary elements for canceling interference. Gutleber disclose a communication system wherein the base station comprises a plurality of auxiliary elements for canceling interference (see col. 4, lines 19-26). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to add this teaching to the modified Gross and Ward system for the simple purpose of enhanced quality of communication by rejecting interference.

As to claim 4, OFFICIAL NOTICE IS TAKEN THAT the method of weighting signals to provide interference canceling is a common and well-known method.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to add this teaching to the modified Gross and Ward system for the simple purpose of enhanced quality of communication by minimizing fading.

9. Claims 9-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gross (U.S. Patent US006507739B1) in view of Ward (U.S. Patent US006167286A) and further in view of Denney (U.S. Patent US005995062A) as applied to claims 1, 5-6, 8 and 11-12 above, and further in view of Murray (U.S. Patent 5,666,128).

As to claims 9, Gross and Ward do not specifically disclose a communication system wherein the main array antenna elements are modular. Murray discloses a

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communication system wherein the main array antenna elements are modular (see col. 1, lines 4-7). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to add this teaching to the modified Gross and Ward system for enhanced efficiency and lower production cost.

As to claims 10, Murray discloses a communication system wherein the main array antenna elements are modular (see col. 1, lines 4-7). Murray does not specifically disclose the modules couple to a bus. However OFFICIAL NOTICE IS TAKEN THAT the method of using a communication bus is a common and well-known method. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to add this teaching to the modified Gross and Ward system for enhanced efficiency and cost effective.

10. Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gross (U.S. Patent US006507739B1) in view of Ward (U.S. Patent US006167286A) and further in view of Denney (U.S. Patent US005995062A) as applied to claims 1, 5-6, 8 and 11-12 above, and further in view of Kasperkovitz (U.S. Patent 4,631,499).

As to claim 13, Gross and Ward do not specifically disclose a communication system further comprising a limiter coupled to a feedback path. In an analogous art, Kasperkovitz discloses a communication system further comprising a limiter coupled to a feedback path (see col. 7, lines 6-9). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to add this teaching to the modified Gross and Ward system for the simple purpose of controlling a device more efficiently.

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11. Claims 14-17 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gross (U.S. Patent US006507739B1) in view of Ward (U.S. Patent US006167286A) and further in view of Denney (U.S. Patent US005995062A) as applied to claims 1, 5-6, 8 and 11-12 above, and further in view of Agee (U.S. Patent US006128276A).

As to claim 14-17 and 19, Gross and Ward do not specifically disclose a communication system further comprising a nulling processor further comprising a code despread and weighted feedback. Agee discloses a communication system further comprising a nulling processor further comprising a code despread and weighted feedback (see col. 23, lines 7-29; col. 11, lines 33-48). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to add this teaching to the modified Gross and Ward system for the simple purpose of enhanced quality of communication by rejecting interference.

12. Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gross (U.S. Patent US006507739B1) in view of Ward (U.S. Patent US006167286A) and further in view of Denney (U.S. Patent US005995062A) as applied to claims 1, 5-6, 8 and 11-12 above, and further in view of Park (U.S.US006353643B1), and further in view of Janc (U.S. Patent 4,893,316) and further in view of Sayegh (U.S. Patent US006084541A).

As to claim 18, Gross discloses a communication system with a gateway station comprising an analog to digital converter (see col. 4, lines 47-54; col. 5, lines 32-37). Ward disclosed a communication system further comprising the BTS with a plurality of

main array antenna elements (see col. 10, line 66 – col. 11, line 27). Ward does not specifically disclose a plurality of summing blocks coupled to the main array, or a gateway station comprising A/D converter coupled to a noise injection circuit and the summed signal and said summed signal coupled to a demultiplexer and a beam forming circuit. Park discloses a plurality of summing blocks coupled to the main array (see col. 2, lines 22-37). Janc discloses a communication system comprising A/D converter coupled to a noise injection circuit and the summed signal (see col. 4, lines 18-28). Sayegh discloses a demultiplexer and a beam forming circuit (see abstract). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use this technique in order to process the signal.

13. Claim 22 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gross in view of Ward and further in view of Keskitalo (U.S. Patent US005345448A) as applied to claims 20-21 above, and further in view of Gutleber (U.S. Patent 4,500,883). Regarding claim 22 is the corresponding method claim of system claim 3. Therefore, claim 22 is rejected for the same reason shown above.

Conclusion

Any response to this Office Action should be mailed to:

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Or faxed to:

571-273-8300

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Marcos L. Torres whose telephone number is 571-272-

7926. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00am-6:00 PM alt. Wednesday Off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lester G. Kincaid can be reached on 571-252-7922. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Marcos L Torres Examiner

Act Unit 2687

LESTER G. KINCAID SUPERVISORY PRIMARY EXAMINER